27th October

2022

HRA S151 Officer Update

Relevant Portfolio Holder		Councillor – Karen Ashley Portfolio Holder for Finance and Enabling			
Portfolio Holder Consulted		-			
Relevant Head of Service		Michelle Howell – Head of Finance and Customer Services			
Report Author	Job Title: Head of Finance and Customer				
Peter Carpenter	Services				
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Wards Affected		All Wards			
Ward Councillor(s) consulted		No			
Relevant Strategic Purpose(s)		An effective and sustainable Council			
Non-Key Decision					
If you have any questions about this report, please contact the report author in					
advance of the meeting.					

1. <u>RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

The Committee is asked to note updates on the HRA Position and the response to the recent Consultation on proposed rent increase by the Government.

2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 This report will update Members on the following 4 areas:
 - Revenue Monitoring 22/23.
 - Capital Spending 22/23.
 - The viability of the HRA under existing conditions comments on long term viability.
 - The Governments consultation on Rent Increases.

Revenue Monitoring 2022/23

2.2 The table below sets out the present monitoring position for revenue expenditure at Quarter 2 2022/23. The projected variance at year end is a £141k surplus which is a £213k improvement on the budgeted £72k loss.

27th October

2022

		HOUSING REV	VENUE ACCOUNT	(HRA)			
REVENUE 2022/23 QUARTER 2 OUTTURN	<u>I</u>	2022/23 Full Year Budget £'000	2022/23 Budget to Date Apr - Sept £'000	2022/23 Actuals + Comm Apr - Sept £'000	2022/23 Variance Apr - Sept £'000	2022/23 Projected Outturn £'000	2022/23 Projected Variance £'000
INCOME							
Dwelling Rents	DR	-24,025	-12,513	-12,565	-52	-24,026	-1
Non-Dwelling Rents	NDR	-556	-278	-435	-157	-535	21
Tenants' Charges for Services & Facilities	CSF	-692	-346	-353	-7	-572	120
Contributions towards Expenditure	CTE	-46	-23	-18	5	-53	-7
				0			
Total Income		-25,318	-13,160	-13,371	-212	-25,185	133
EXPENDITURE							
Repairs & Maintenance	R&M	6,545	3,272	3,813	541	6,240	-305
Supervision & Management	S&M	8,219	4,109	1,575	-2.535	8,007	-211
Rent, Rates, Taxes & Other Charges	RRT	264	132	148	16	264	0
Provision for Bad Debts	BDP	190	95	0	-95	360	170
Depreciation & Impairment of Fixed Assets	DEP	5,994	2,997	0	-2,997	5,994	0
Interest Payable & Debt Management Costs	INT	4,179	2,089	102	-1,988	4,179	0
Total Expenditure		25,390	12,695	5,637	-7,058	25,044	-346
Net cost of Services		72	-465	-7,734	-7,269	-141	-213
Net Operating Expenditure		72	-465	-7,734	-7,269	-141	-213

2.3 The main causes of the variances are:

- Repairs & Maintenance Anticipated Efficiency savings arising from improved work planning and timely delivery of works.
- Supervision & Management The variance is predominantly due to vacant posts pending the ongoing review of the Housing function and reduced professional and consultancy fees.
- **Provision for Bad Debt** Increase in arrears especially former tenants due to prevailing economic conditions.
- Tenants Charges for Services and Facilities Anticipated reduced income from personal care/support charges at St David's.

Capital Spending 2022/23

- 2.4 The HRA has a capital budget of £14.180m. It is expecting to spend £10.137m during the year, resulting in slippage of £4.043m. Spend to Q2 is £6.724m against a pro rata budget of £7.090m. This is only £0.366m below budget.
- 2.5 The major projected variances (which come in the second half of the year) are as follows. The complete list is in Appendix A.
 - Internal refurbishments. Tenders have been returned and are being evaluated so spend expected to be low this financial year, slippage is £1.700m.

2022

27th October

- Housing 1-4-1 Replacements. There are no new acquisitions planned in year as per Budget Assumption. This slippage is £0.700m.
- HRA Compartmental Work. There has been significant improvement in contractor delivery and additional schemes of works identified but there will still be £0.500m of slippage.
- Disabled adaptions. A new contract was recently awarded in Oct 22 so reduced activity is expected to end of FY. Slippage £0.325m.
- High Trees project. Tenders being developed at the moments will be mainly fees. Slippage in year £0.470m.

The Viability of the HRA

- 2.4 The Housing Revenue Account is ring-fenced within the council's overall accounts and is used to account for transactions relating to council housing. Since the introduction of Self-Financing in April 2012 the council has been able to retain all the income generated from its council housing. Income received from rents, service charges and other sources within the Housing Revenue Account is used solely for the purpose of maintaining and investing in council housing and delivering services to tenants.
- 2.5 This HRA Business Plan shows 30 year cash-flows that can be used to help inform decision making about, for example, investment in existing housing stock and making the most of opportunities to provide new council homes to meet future demand for housing.
- 2.6 When applying the next 30 years financial projections the plan takes account of the Government's rent policy and the expected reduction in properties through RTB sales. RTB sales can undermine the long-term financial viability of the HRA and so Government policy encourages us to replace homes with the help of proceeds from the RTB sales which are subject to complex rules on how they can be used.
- 2.7 Capital receipts from the sales of council dwellings can only be used to finance up to 40% of the cost of replacements homes. Any such receipts that remain unused after 5 years need to be paid to government along with interest to finance new homes as part of the government's affordable housing programme. To address this issue, we have plans to deliver up to deliver new affordable homes over the 30 year period.

27th October

2022

- 2.8 The Council recognises that the demand for HRA financial resources will intensify over time to ensure that we comply with the new and emerging requirements like greater resident involvement, fire, electrical and building safety requirements, potential changes to the Decent Homes standard and decarbonisation of the homes. Therefore, we will review the HRA Business Plan annually to take account of new requirements as they become clearer and to ensure that we can deliver as much as possible for our tenants and the city with the resources that we have available to us.
- 2.9 The council cannot legally set a deficit budget for the HRA and so we need to ensure that we have adequate **HRA balance reserves** in place to manage risks and finance uncertainties that may arise. Under the assumptions used in this base business plan, the Housing Revenue Account can maintain HRA balance reserves £2.6m over the next 5-10 years period.
- 2.10 Additionally, we have earmarked capital Reserves which will be used to part fund 60% of the costs of replacement homes and for the repayment of HRA outstanding debt. The reserves will increase as the Housing Revenue Account generates ongoing surpluses over the next 30 year period.
- 2.11 The capital expenditure on the existing housing stock and neighbourhoods is based upon our stock condition data. The future capital programmes will be based upon investment need resulting from rolling stock condition surveys and guided by the principles outlined in the HRA Asset Management Strategy.
- 2.12 In addition to maintaining adequate HRA balance reserves and earmarked capital reserves, the Business Plan produces a fully financed capital programme. The base plan assumptions indicate that we can deliver the investment required in our homes from the resources that we have available.
- 2.13 Essentially, the base plan demonstrates that our Housing Revenue Account is financially viable over the long term, and we will have resources available to help us manage risk and pay for our existing plans and the investment needed in our council housing. We will strive to ensure that future investment in our housing stock provides excellent value for money.

27th October

2022

The Government's Consultation on Rent Increases

- 2.14 The Council have been consulted on raising Housing Rents. As you will have seen in the Local Government Press, DLUHC have run a consultation that required a response by the 12th October on the Councils view of limiting increases to 3%, 5% or 7%. Articles suggest that these will be the maximum. This is due to the present national formula being CPI plus 1% which the Government see as being unaffordable as it would lead to rises of well above 10%.
- 2.15 The Council have just been through a process in Tranche 1 of the budget for General Fund Services where we are increasing most Fees and Charges by 10% using the following Rationale:
 - We have the proposed £1,925 increases in Pay on all spinal points.
 - We have inflation running at over 10%.
 - We have Fuel inflation running at over 100% (and up to 400%).
 - We have a limit on raising Council Tax of 1.99%.
- 2.16 The HRA is different as it is ring fenced and cannot be supported from the General Fund. Overall:
 - You must plan for multiple years (30).
 - The HRA cannot go into deficit.
 - Rents (and Service charges) need to reflect the full cost of delivery to residents and tenants including the cyclical refurbishment and repairs of homes.
- 2.17 An Officer meeting was held on the 4th October to assess the 3 options and what would be the most viable solution for the Council – while limiting increase to tenants and residents. A number of different scenarios were assessed for the three options. Different variables were input and the following key assumptions were arrived at for planning purposes.
 - Pay inflation in 23/24 is assumed to be 4.4%, reducing to 2.5% in 24/25 before levelling out at 1% for future years.
 - Inflation is assumed to be 10% in 23/25, reducing to 7.5% in 25/26, then 5% to 26/27 before flattening out at 3% for future years.
 - Right to buys are assumed to be 40 a year offset to a degree by New Build/Acquisitions of 20 a year – seeing a net 20 reduction from our initial 5,563 properties over time.

27th October

2022

- 2.18 These scenarios seemed to the group to be prudent given where the economy is at the present time
 - If rents were to rise by just 3% a year a loss is made in the years 23/24 to 27/28 of a combined amount of £965k. This would cut the HRA earmarked reserves by a third.
 - If rents were to rise by 5% for the 2 years, then reducing to 3% then a surplus is continued to be delivered ensuring the viability of the HRA.
 - If rents were to rise by 7% for 2 years this doubles the surpluses seen in the 5% option.
- 2.19 It is the Officers view in assessing this data, the affordability to residents/tenants, and the overall viability to the HRA that a 5% increase for 2 years is the Councils response to the Consultation. We now await the Governments response to this consultation.

3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

3.1 There are no direct financial implications arising out of this report. The projected outturn position shows a revenue underspend to budget of £141k and capital slippage of £4.03m for the financial year.

4. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

4.1 The Council has a statutory responsibility to comply with housing and financial regulations.

5. STRATEGIC PURPOSES - IMPLICATIONS

Relevant Strategic Purpose

- 5.1 The issues detailed in this report link to the following strategic purposes:
 - Finding somewhere to live.
 - Living independent, active, and healthy lives.

as well as ensuring that there is an effective and sustainable HRA.

Climate Change Implications

27th October

2022

5.2 As set out in section 2.8, the Council will be undertaking a programme for the decarbonisation of homes.

6. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

Equalities and Diversity Implications

6.1 The new contract for disabled adaptations will speed up the process of tenants with identified needs getting the adaptations they require.

Operational Implications

6.2 The HRA is run by a separate set of rules from the Council. It has its own separate accounts and must remain in surplus.

7. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

7.1 As part of all Audit work the auditors undertake a risk assessment to ensure that adequate controls are in place within the Council so reliance can be placed on internal systems. The HRA is part of that Internal Audit process.

8. APPENDICES and BACKGROUND PAPERS

Appendix A – Capital Spend by Project

2022

27th October

9. <u>REPORT SIGN OFF</u>

Department	Name and Job Title	Date	
Portfolio Holder	Councillor Karen Ashley, Portfolio Holder for Finance and Governance		
Lead Director / Head of Service	Peter Carpenter – Interim Director of Finance	19 Oct 2022	
Financial Services	Peter Carpenter – Interim Director of Finance	19 Oct 2022	
Legal Services	N/A		
Policy Team (if equalities implications apply)	N/A		
Climate Change Officer (if climate change implications apply)	N/A		

2022

27th October

Appendix A – Capital Spend by Project

Audit, Governance & Standards Committee 27th October

2022

110003 - HIGH TREES PROJ 110002 - FIRE ALARM UPGR 110001 - INTERNAL REFURB 100098 - HRA-Energy Effi 100084 - Major Voids wor 100083 - HRA Compartment 100082 - HRA Property pu 100076 - Water Supply 100074 - Balcony Replace 100070 - HRA Bin Store 100068 - HRA Hard Wire S 100067 - Door Entry/CCTV 100066 - Design and Supe Project HRA Capital Outturn Quarter 2 2022-23 10006 - Community Safety 110005 - External Improvements 110004 - DISREPAIR CASES 100073 - General Roofing 110005 110006 110004 110003 110002 100098 100074 100073 100070 100068 100067 110001 100084 100083 100082 100076 100066 Project - HRA Property pu - General Roofing - HRA-Energy Effi - Water Supply - HRA Bin Store Project Description Design and Supe Community Safety - HIGH TREES PROJ - FIRE ALARM UPGR - INTERNAL REFURB HRA Compartment Balcony Replace - HRA Hard Wire S - Door Entry/CCTV Major Voids wor DISREPAIR CASES Full Year E'000 2022/23 14,180,000.00 7,090,000.00 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 500,000.00 300,000.00 500,000.00 600,000.00 590,000.00 500,000.00 350,000.00 150,000.00 150,000.00 175,000.00 100,000.00 75,000.00 25,000.00 50,000.00 Budget to Date Apr - Sept 2022/23 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 150,000.00 250,000.00 300,000.00 295,000.00 250,000.00 175,000.00 250,000.00 £'000 87,500.00 50,000.00 37,500.00 25,000.00 75,000.00 75,000.00 12,500.00 . Actuals + Comm 6,724,398.67 -Apr - Sept 2022/23 275,306.24 642,891.17 494,966.77 358,535.65 448,633.33 51,900.39 29,910.45 26,649.97 19,063.42 33,755.85 46,548.76 25,820.08 14,307.75 £'000 4,225.00 • Apr - March Variance 2022/23 365,601.33 £'000 -116,244 -953,451 342,891 -505,033 198,633 -175,000 25,306 63,536 -230,937 -25,820 -12,500 -23,100 -20,090 -10,850 -10,692 -70,775 -87,500 Projecte Outturn 2022/23 10,137,000.00 - 4,043,000.00 £'000 1,500,000.00 600,000.00 507,000.00 750,000.00 175,000.00 590,000.00 270,000.00 100,000.00 25,000.0 75,000.00 300,000.00 10,000.00 10,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 90,000.00 Variance Projectec 2022/23 1,700,000.00 £1000 210,000.00 230,000.00 150,000.00 500,000.00 100,000.00 157,000.00 165,000.00 470,000.00 40,000.00 50,000.00 25,000.00 70,000.00 Contract at procurement stage therefore limited spend expected in FY Significant improvement in contractor delivery and additional schemes of works identified Improvements to Cedar view idented but limited spend in FY Completion of works now signed off Existing and newly arising capiital voids Significant improvement in contractor delivery and add schems of works identified Contract awarded but subject to leaseholder consultation Behind on payments - New regulations from 01/10 fast tracking non compliant properties More staff time allocated to the delivery of the capital programme External works to Mendip Hse only in FY Tenders being developed - will be mainly fees Tenders returned and being evaluated so spend expected to be low this financial year Contract awarded but subject to leaseholder consultation Additional sites were identified that required replacement Notes